Stock Market Consolidation and US equity Home Bias

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Motivation

- In the last three decades, many stock markets around the world have consolidated their trade platforms or signed agreements to facilitate cross-country investments.
 - Merger and Acquisition (M&A) theory of efficiency theory and synergy gain theory.
 - Early studies have observed the so-called "home bias puzzle" or the phenomenon where the domestic investors tend to outweigh domestic investment comparing to foreign investment.



Literature Review

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Home Bias Measure

ICAPM HB (Baele et al. 2007; Daly and Vo 2013; Dahlquist et al. 2003; Fidora et al. 2007; Chan et al. 2005; Ahearne et al. 2004)

+ Determinants of Home Bias

Category	Variables	Significant	Insignificant
Direct cost	WT	Stulz (1981), Cooper and Kaplanis (1986), Mishra (2014)	Chan et al. (2005)
	CO	Ahearne et al. (2004), Daly and Vo (2013)	Chan et al. (2005)
Indirect cost	BILAT	Baele et al. (2007), Mishra (2008), Mishra (2014)	Fidora et al. (2007)
	INT	Mishra (2008)	-
	DIST	Portes and Rey (2005)	-
Incentive of investment	EXVOL	Fidora et al. (2007), Mishra (2014), Daly and Vo (2013)	-
	DIVER	Fidora et al. (2007), Mishra (2014) Mishra (2008)	Chan et al. (2005)
	RAR	-	Daly and Vo (2013), Ahearne et al. (2004), Mishra (2008)
	ML	Chan et al. (2005) and Daly and Vo (2013)	-
Size	MCAP	Chan et al. (2005), Anderson et al. (2011) and Mishra (2014)	Dahlquist et al. (2003) and Daly and Vo (2013)
	GROWTH	Fidora et al. (2007) and Anderson et al. (2011)	Dahlquist et al. (2003) and Chan et al. (2005)
Governance	GOV	Chan et al. (2005), Fidora et al. (2007) and Daly and Vo (2013)	Dahlquist et al. (2003)



Data

- Sample: 2001-2016, yearly 22 stock markets under six stock market consolidation groups
- US investors' perspective
- The equity holding data is obtained from the IMF's Coordinated Portfolio Investment Survey (CPIS) while the market capitalization data is from the World Bank's World Development Indicator (WDI)
- Control variables are obtained from Datastream and various sources
- 3 subsamples: 2 consolidation groups that include the US stock market (US consolidations) and other consolidation groups that exclude the US stock market (Non-US consolidations).
- Number of Observation
 - NYSE-EURONEXT: 64
 - NASDAQ-OMX: 80

 \succ Consolidation groups that exclude US Stock markets: 208



Hypothesis Development

- + First hypothesis: the average degree of the US HB toward the emerging countries should be higher than the developed countries
- + Second hypothesis: countries under the same consolidation with the US should have a lower degree of US HB comparing to the countries outside the consolidation group
- + Third hypothesis:
- Test whether the ANNOUNCE and IMPLEMENT are associated with a significant decrease in US HB
- IMPLEMENT should have a negative impact on US HB (In this stage, there is a physical change to how the consolidated markets operate)
- It is less clear whether any US HB changes can be observed during ANNOUNCE. (On one hand, it is only declared and not physically implemented. On the other hand, one could argue that the market processes are driven by expectations)



Sample Stock Markets

US consolidations

NYSE-EURONEXT



Consolidation Group	Stock Market Index	Announcement	Implement
NYSE-EURONEXT	Amsterdam Stock Exchange (Netherland) Brussels Stock Exchange (Belgium) Paris Stock Exchange (France) Lisbon Stock Exchange (Portugal) NYSE (USA)	September 2000 September 2000 September 2000 February 2002 June 2006	November 2003 November 2003 November 2003 November 2003 April 2007
NASDAQ-OMX			
Consolidation Group	Stock Market Index	Announcement	Implement
NASDAQ- OMX	Stockholm Stock Exchange (Sweden) Helsinki Stock Exchange (Finland) Estonia Stock Exchange (Estonia) Copenhagen Stock Exchange (Denmark) Iceland Stock Exchange (Iceland) NASDAQ (USA)	May 2003 May 2003 May 2003 November 2004 September 2006 May 2007	September 2004 September 2004 September 2004 February 2005 April 2007 February 2008

Sample Stock Markets

Non-US consolidations

Consolidation Group	Stock Market Index	Announcement	Implement
LSE-BI	London Stock Exchange (UK)	June 2007	October 2007
	Italian Stock Exchange (Italy)	June 2007	October 2007
CEESEG	Budapest Stock Exchange (Hungary)	November 2008	January 2010
	Ljubljana Stock Exchange (Slovenia)	November 2008	January 2010
	Prague Stock Exchange (Czech Republic)	November 2008	January 2010
	Vienna Stock Exchange (Austria)	November 2008	January 2010
MILA	Lima Stock Exchange (Peru)	September 2009	May 2011
	Colombia Stock Exchange (Colombia)	September 2009	May 2011
	Chile Stock Exchange (Chile)	September 2009	May 2011
	Mexican Stock Exchange (Mexico)	July 2014	December 2014
ATL	Bursa Malaysia (Malaysia)	April 2011	September 2012
	Singapore Exchange (Singapore)	April 2011	September 2012
	Stock Exchange of Thailand (Thailand)	April 2011	October 2012

Variables

Category	Independent Variables	Details	Expected Sign
Dependent Variable	HB	HB= US HB toward 22 destination countries	
Dummy Consolidations	ANNOUNCE	Stock market consolidation announcement period (= 1 from the announcement date to the implement date and 0 otherwise)	_
	IMPLEMENT	Stock market consolidation implement period (= 1 from the implement date onward and 0 otherwise)	-
Financial Crises	CRISISUS	US global financial crisis (= 1 during the period 2007 to 2009 and 0 otherwise)	-
	CRISISEU	European debt crisis (= 1 during the period 2009 to 2011 and 0 otherwise)	+
Direct Cost of investment	WT	Withholding tax of dividend in destination countries	+
	CO	Chinn-Ito capital account openness index	-
Indirect Cost of investment	BILAT	Bilateral import and export between US and each destination country over US total import and export with all partner country	-
	INT	Share of internet user in destination country's population	-
	DIST	Distance from capital to capital	+

Variables

Variables				
Category	Independent Variables	Details	Expected Sign	
Incentive of Investment	EXVOL	Standard Deviation of monthly exchange rate. Exchange rate is expressed in terms of local currency per USD	+	
	DIVER	1-correlation between US and destination country monthly MSCI return	-	
	RAR	average monthly returns over the standard deviation of returns in the previous year of destination country	-	
	ML	stock traded per GDP of destination country	-	
Size	MCAP	Market capitalization/ World market capitalization	-	
	GROWTH	Growth in the GDP per capita of the destination country	-	
Governance	GOV	World governance indicators (WGI) index normalize 0-1	-	

Methodology

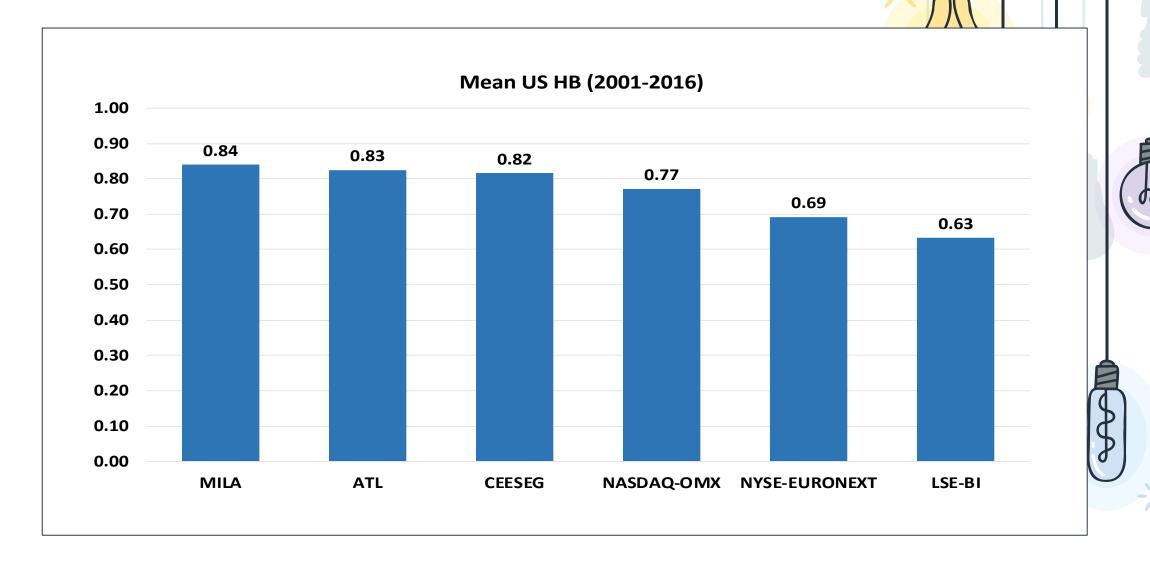
- Bilateral home bias can be calculated from $HB_{ij} = 1 \frac{ACT_{ij}}{OPT_{ij}}$
 - $Actual = \frac{Foreign equity asset}{Foreign equity asset+Domestic market capitalization-Foreign equity liability}$
- ICAPM Optimal Weight = $\frac{Market Capitalization of destination countries}{World Market Capitalization}$
- HB equals to 0 = domestic investors diversify their investment in each destination country according to the optimal portfolio weight and there is no home bias toward that destination country

- HB equals to 1 = domestic investors do not diversify their investment in that destination country
- Random Effect Panel Regression

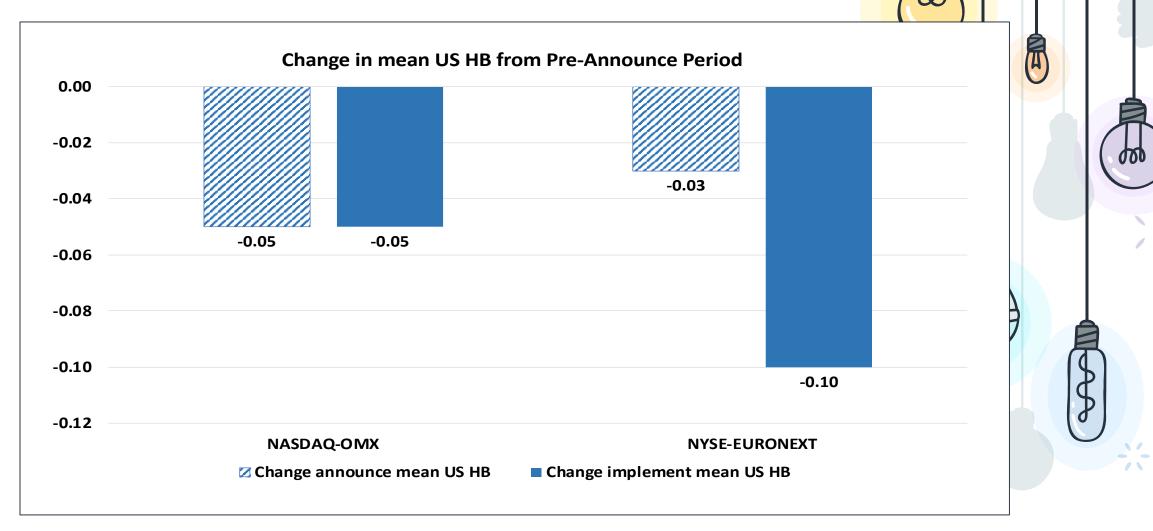
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$$\begin{split} \mathrm{HB}_{i,t} &= \alpha_{i,t} + \beta_{1}ANNOUNCE_{i,t} + \beta_{2}IMPLEMENT_{i,t} + \beta_{3}CRISISUS_{i,t} + \\ \beta_{4}CRISISEU_{i,t} + \beta_{5}WT_{i,t-1} + \beta_{6}CO_{i,t-1} + \beta_{7}BILAT_{i,t-1} + \beta_{8}INT_{i,t-1} + \beta_{9}DIST_{i,t-1} + \\ \beta_{10}EXVOL_{i,t-1} + \beta_{11}DIVER_{i,t-1} + \beta_{12}RAR_{i,t-1} + \beta_{13}ML_{i,t-1} + \\ \beta_{14}MCAP_{i,t-1}\beta_{15}GROWTH_{i,t-1} + \beta_{16}GOV_{i,t-1} + \varepsilon_{i,t} \end{split}$$

Result: Comparison of US HB

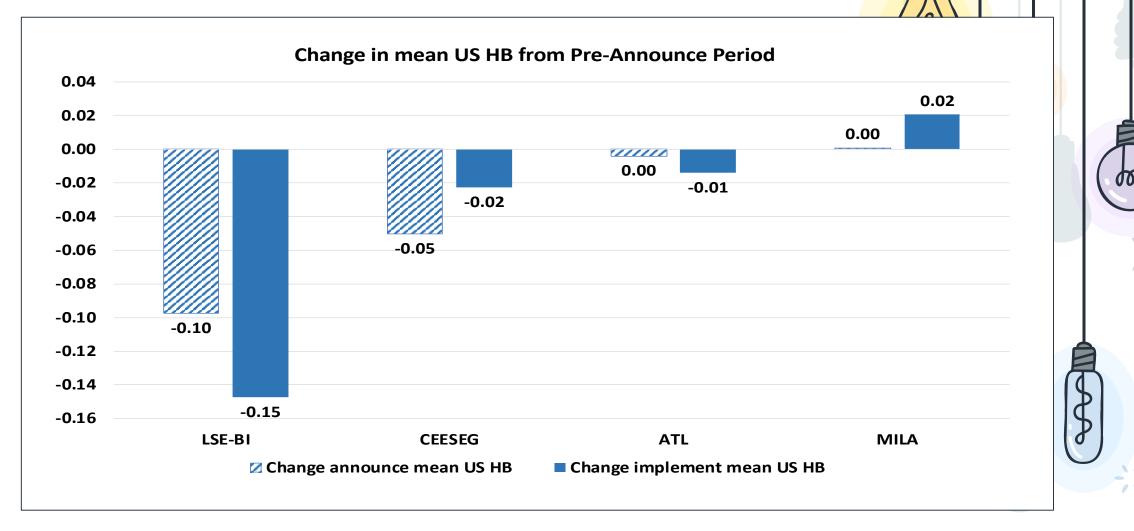


Result: Mean US HB in different stages US Consolidations



Result: Mean US HB in different stages

Non-US Consolidations



Result: Random Effect Panel Regression

US Consolidations

NYSE-EURONEXT

Dependent Variable =	HB ICAPM
ANNOUNCE	0.008
	(-0.02)
IMPLEMENT	-0.042
	(-0.03)
CRISISUS	0.044
	(-0.03)
CRISISEU	0.043
	(-0.04)
CO	0.133
	(-0.13)
BILAT	-4.294
	(-3.13)
INT	-0.312**
	(-0.11)
DIST	-0.600***
	(-0.08)
EXVOL	0.995**
	(-0.38)
DIVER	0.073
	(-0.08)
RAR	0.011
	(-0.02)
ML	-0.037
	(-0.02)
MCAP	-1.783
	(-1.26)
GROWTH	0.105**
	(-0.04)
GOV	-1.192***
	(-0.12)
CONSTANT	7.125***
	(-0.80)
Obs	64
R-Square	0.91
Cluster Country	Yes

NASDAQ-OMX

Dependent Variable =	HB_ICAPM
ANNOUNCE	-0.091
	(-0.09)
IMPLEMENT	-0.067
	(-0.13)
CRISISUS	0.027
	(-0.10)
CRISISEU	-0.018
	(-0.03)
СО	0.443**
	(-0.17)
BILAT	33.021
	(-27.87)
INT	0.162
	(-0.11)
DIST	-1.178***
	(-0.24)
EXVOL	0.006***
	(0.00)
DIVER	-0.049
	(-0.05)
RAR	-0.013
	(-0.04)
ML	-0.018
	(-0.03)
MCAP	-12.031
	(-20.43)
GROWTH	-0.017
	(-0.10)
GOV	-1.103***
	(-0.18)
CONSTANT	11.596***
	(-1.97)
Obs	80
R-Square	0.78
Cluster Country	Yes

Non-US Consolidations

Dependent Variable =	HB_ICAPM
ANNOUNCE	0.040**
	(-0.01)
IMPLEMENT	0.027*
	(-0.01)
CRISISUS	0.006
	(-0.02)
CRISISEU	0.021**
	(-0.01)
WT	0.502***
	(-0.13)
CO	-0.056
	(-0.07)
BILAT	-1.314***
	(-0.40)
INT	-0.144
	(-0.12)
DIST	0.046
	(-0.03)
EXVOL	0.000
	(0.00)
DIVER	0.124***
	(-0.03)
RAR	-0.014
Bal	(-0.01)
ML	-0.031
MCAP	(-0.02) -1.716
	(-0.94)
GROWTH	0.069
	(-0.08)
GOV	0.032
	(-0.04)
CONSTANT	0.438
	(-0.26)
Obs	208
R-square	0.71
Cluster Group	Yes
Cluster Group	Yes

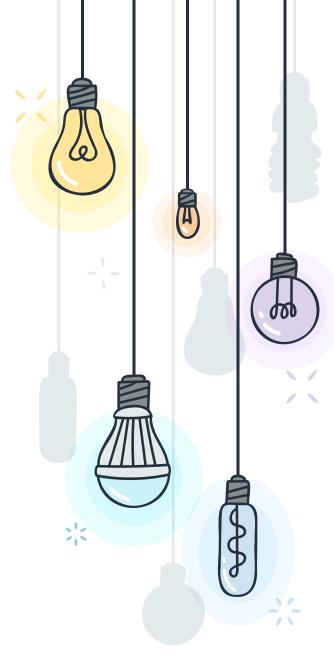
The stock market consolidation does not significantly affect the US equity home bias

- The results are not significant for both NYSE-EURONEXT and NASDAQ-OMX despite US taking parts in both consolidation groups.
- US investors invest even less in the non-US consolidation groups following stock market consolidations.
- Direct and indirect cost of investment, exchange rate volatility and governance play important roles in determining US investors equity home bias.



Limitation and suggestion for further studies

- The holding data is reported on an annual basis.
- Reported on semi-annual basis since 2013.
- Thailand equity and bond investment home bias following the new FX ecosystem.





Thank you for your attention

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