#### **Bank of Thailand**

International Workshop on Policy Development Research in the Greater Mekong Subregion (GMS)

**Panel discussion** 

"Economic Opportunities, Development Challenges and Prospects for Regional Connectivity"

Dr. Nguyen Manh Hai – Director of Department of Public Service Policies, Central Institute for Economic Management (CIEM), Vietnam

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### I. Key economic opportunities and development challenges in Vietnam

#### **Economic reform context**

Radical economic reform in 1986 called "Doi Moi" (Renovation) shifting Vietnam to a market-oriented economy.

≻The "open door" policy has become an integrated part of Doi Moi leading to promulgation of the first foreign investment law of Viet Nam in 1987-→ Investment Law 2014

Trade liberalisation: AFTA (1995), US-VIETNAM BTA (2001), WTO (2007), EU-VIETNAM BTA (2016) etc...

#### Economic and sectoral growths of Vietnam, 2005-2016



Source: GSO (2016)

### **I.1 Key economic opportunities for the future of Vietnam**

• Economic restructuring (2016-2020 economic restructuring: to change growth model emphasising the quality of growth rather than the growth scale. The focus was on the development of the domestic private sector development (2035: 80%), restructuring of the state sector as well as the financial market reform.

• Actively participation in multilateral, regional and bilateral trade relations and cooperation

• Business environment improvement: Resolution No. 19 issued on February 6, 2017: targets to cut the time for completing tax and social insurance premium payment procedures; By the end of 2017, most public services provided for citizens and businesses will be launched at level 3 or level 4

## I.1 Key economic opportunities for the future of Vietnam

- Achieve Lower Middle Income Countries status.
- Poverty achievement: Growth has been equitable with a dramatic reduction in poverty : In 1993: 60%, 2016: almost 10%
- "Golden" population structure: Both opportunities at present and challenges in the future.

# I.2. Key development challenges for the future of Vietnam

- Land scarcity from conflicting uses for development: for infrastructure, industrialisation and urbanisation, and agricultural production.
- Skilled labour shortage and aging problem in the next decades: Oldage dependency ratio would increase from 10% at present to 22% of the labour force in 2035
- Water and energy security issues: Flood and droughts; energy demand is growing fast
- Environment and climate change adverse effects

# Growth of electricity consumption vs. Economic growth 2007-2014



#### Source: Nguyen Manh Hai (2015)

# II. Prioritized areas/sectors which have potentials for regional cooperation/connectivity in the GMS

- GMS: We share a common "Mother of water" (Mekong river). Therefore, regional cooperation on water resource management and sustainable use of water is vital at any time
- Cooperation on food security; respond effectively to climate change and natural resource management
- GMS intra-regional trade promotion: At present, 12% of the total trade of member countries.
- Energy resource management: Electricity transmission
- Transport and transport infrastructure connections

## III. The potential opportunities and challenges to establishing the regional connectivity enhancing regional cooperation to realize economic prosperity in the region

• Both opportunities and challenges in:

+ Regional cooperation on water resource management: ensure water security meeting the interests of both upstream and downstream countries, organise more negotiations/discussions, exchange visits to close the understanding gaps

- + Food security: Exchange information, data and experiences.
- + GMS intra-regional trade promotion and transport infrastructure connections
- + Energy resource management, Urban management.
- -→ to reach win-win situation and ensure long-term mutual benefits of GMS members.

## "The river must flow"--→ Our Mother of water – the Mekong must flow well !

# "If you want to go fast, go alone. If you want to go far, go together."

(African Proverb)

Thank you very much for your attention !